

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
POLLUTION/SITUATION REPORT
Dealers Supply Garden Center - Removal Polrep
Initial and Final Removal Polrep



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Region IV

Subject: POLREP #1
Initial and Final Pollution Report (POLREP)
Dealers Supply Garden Center
C496
Swainsboro, GA
Latitude: 32.5987226 Longitude: -82.3218875

To: James Webster, USEPA R4 ERRPB
Jerry Campbell, GAEPD

From: Kevin Eichinger, FOSC

Date: 5/16/2019

Reporting Period: May 15, 2019 through May 20, 2019

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

Site Number:	C496	Contract Number:	
D.O. Number:		Action Memo Date:	
Response Authority:	CERCLA	Response Type:	Emergency
Response Lead:	PRP	Incident Category:	Removal Action
NPL Status:	Non NPL	Operable Unit:	
Mobilization Date:	5/15/2019	Start Date:	5/15/2019
Demob Date:	5/16/2019	Completion Date:	5/16/2019
CERCLIS ID:		RCRIS ID:	
ERNS No.:		State Notification:	
FPN#:		Reimbursable Account #:	

1.1.1 Incident Category

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act Active Facility.

1.1.2 Site Description and Location

The facility is located at 438 East Main Street, Swainsboro, GA 30401. The geographical coordinates are Latitude: 32.5987226 Longitude: -82.3218875. The facility consists of an estimated 50,000 square-foot single-story commercial building with multiple areas of outside storage as well as various types of parts and products stored in semitrailers. The facility purchases lot-size amounts of parts and equipment for lawn equipment and repackages the products for retail sale. The facility's stormwater drainage system connects to an unnamed intermittent tributary of Lake Luck.

1.1.3 Preliminary Removal Assessment/Removal Site Inspection Results

The fire started the evening of May 14, and several fire agencies responded. The fire largely consumed the entire building, the pallets of plastic parts, and other miscellaneous equipment stored outside. Firefighting runoff water and an unknown amount of used-oil flowed offsite and impacted an unnamed intermittent tributary of Lake Luck. During the site walk, used-oil spilled from one fifty-five-gallon drum was observed. The facility used the fifty-five-gallon drum to collect used-oil from equipment service. Subsequent assessments of the unnamed tributary by the EPA found an oil sheen and aquatic mortality. The property owner stated that he had paints, small lead-acid batteries, and small containers of oil on site. The majority of hazardous commodities were sized for retail use.

2. Current Activities

2.1 Operations Section

2.1.1 Narrative

2.1.2 Response Actions to Date

On May 15, the EPA and Superfund Technical Assessment and Response (START) arrived on site at

approximately 1400 hours. Because firefighting runoff water and an unknown amount of used-oil were migrating from the site, the local fire department installed an earthen berm in the unnamed tributary to capture the runoff. An undetermined volume of oil was observed during a site walk-through, the discharge was most likely from a near-by fifty-five-gallon drum. The facility used the fifty-five-gallon drum to collect used-oil from equipment servicing. The property owner was provided a list of cleanup contractors by Georgia Environmental Division (GAEPD).

A 100' X 5' foot area around a stormwater culvert on the property was impacted by the used-oil. The used-oil discharge was addressed by excavating the contaminated soil, spreading oil dry on spilled oil and on various areas of the parking lot, and installed hay bales to contain any additional oil and fire debris runoff. There was a small area of recoverable oil and a sheen in the unnamed tributary. Oil absorbent boom and pads were used to recover the used-oil.

The EPA conducted a mobile air monitoring survey which focused on the residential neighborhood to the rear of the property. The topography and wind direction kept the smoke plume largely out of the residential area. No volatile organic compound (VOC) exceedances were detected. There was a general smoke odor throughout the area.

The Georgia Wildlife Resources Division (GAWRD) conducted surface water quality monitoring and an aquatic mortality survey in the impacted section of the tributary. The EPA also conducted surface water quality monitoring and collected surface water and sediment samples upstream, at the outfall for the facility and downstream of the facility. Samples were analyzed for VOCs, Semi-VOCs, total metals, herbicides and pesticides. The sample results were provided to GAEPD and GAWRD for comparison to State Water Quality Standards.

Surface Water Quality Results:

Upstream at State Route 66 Overpass:

Temperature: 19.92 C
pH: 6.47
Dissolved Oxygen: 7.31 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids: 0.064 g/L
Turbidity: 152 NTU
ORP: 175 mV

At the Outfall from the Facility:

Temperature: 24.04 C
pH: 5.86
Dissolved Oxygen: 4.85 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids: 0.401 g/L
Turbidity: 41.2 NTU
ORP: 60 mV

~600 feet Downstream of the Outfall at N. Anderson Dr.:

Temperature: 21.87 C
pH: 5.97
Dissolved Oxygen: 6.29 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids: 0.356 g/L
Turbidity: 44.1 NTU
ORP: 127 mV

~4000 feet Downstream at the Confluence of the Unnamed Tributary and Lake Luck:

Temperature: 27.29 C
pH: 6.68
Dissolved Oxygen: 10.29 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids: 0.1 g/L
Turbidity: 12.7 NTU
ORP: 218 mV

Air Monitoring Results

On May 15, 2019, from 1430 hours to 1515 hours, START conducted mobile air monitoring around the perimeter of the site, focusing on the residential areas located along the southeastern, southern, and southwestern portion of the site. START monitored airborne concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), hydrogen sulfide (H2S), carbon monoxide (CO), oxygen (O2), and the lower explosive limit (LEL) using a RAE Systems MultiRAE Pro photoionization detector. Mobile air monitoring locations and results are listed in the following table:

Location	Description	Time	O2 (%)	CO (ppm)	VOC (ppm)	LEL (%)	H2S (ppm)
1	North side of the facility at East Main Street	1434	20.9	0	0.1	0	0
2	Central Fence Company entrance on S. Anderson Drive	1442	20.9	0	0	0	0
3	Across the street from 442 Stevens Drive	1446	20.9	0	0	0	0

	Budgeted	Total To Date	Remaining	% Remaining
Extramural Costs				
START	\$10,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	50.00%
Intramural Costs				
Total Site Costs	\$10,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	50.00%

* The above accounting of expenditures is an estimate based on figures known to the OSC at the time this report was written. The OSC does not necessarily receive specific figures on final payments made to any contractor(s). Other financial data which the OSC must rely upon may not be entirely up-to-date. The cost accounting provided in this report does not necessarily represent an exact monetary figure which the government may include in any claim for cost recovery.

2.5 Other Command Staff

No pertinent information to report at this time.

3. Participating Entities

EPA assisted GAEPD, GAWRD and the City of Swainsboro.

4. Personnel On Site

One FOSC was on-site coordinating response operations. One scientist from START mobilized to the site. Multiple personnel from the City of Swainsboro and the State of Georgia were also on-site.

5. Definition of Terms

No pertinent information to report at this time.

6. Additional sources of information

6.1 Internet location of additional information/report

Documents, photographs, maps and other important/pertinent information can be found at response.epa.gov/WilsonFire. Log-in credentials may be required to view certain documents.

6.2 Reporting Schedule

No additional pollution reports are planned at this time.

7. Situational Reference Materials

Documents, photographs, maps and other important/pertinent information can be found at response.epa.gov/WilsonFire. Log-in credentials may be required to view certain documents.